**A.13  Rwanda - 2008 - Conflict returnees**

**Case study:  Update - Distribution and information**

**Project type:**
- Community mobilisation
- Establishment of beneficiary associations
- Technical guidance
- Materials distribution

**Emergency:**
Forced repatriation of people of ‘Rwandan origin’ from Tanzania to Rwanda

**Number of people displaced:**
- Approximately 60,000 people considered to be illegal immigrants in Tanzania were required to return to Rwanda. 8,000 people had been forced to return by June 2007.

**Project target population:**
- 469 households

**Occupancy rate on handover:**
- 100%. Of the 220 shelters completed by August 2008, all were occupied

**Shelter size**
- 48 m² (6x8m)

**Summary**
This project provided support to people of Rwandan origin expelled from Tanzania by providing materials for house building, masons and providing shared services at the site of return. Communities were mobilised by forming beneficiary associations in consultation with the local government. The role of the implementing organisations was to collectivise the tasks required for house building.

**Update**
In 2009, 119 returnee families from Tanzania were still living in the Kiyanzi camp. A project had been initiated to build 110 houses, a permanent shelter solution for beneficiaries who had poor access to both water and health services in the camp.

The wider resettlement and reintegration program for 18,000 returnees from Tanzania was described as a success by a UN source.

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**Completed shelters**

Photo: Matthias Wohlfeil